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By Derrise Squires



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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant(s)

Knuth et al.

Serial No.

09/165, 546

Filed

October 2, 1998

For

ISOLATED PEPTIDES CORRESPONDING TO AMINO ACID

SEQUENCES OF NY-ESO-1, WHEREIN BIND TO MHC CLASS I AND MHC CLASS II MOLECULES, AND USES THEREOF

Art Unit

1646

Examiner

Not Assigned

April 15, 1999

Hon. Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (37 CFR §1.56, §1.97)

In accordance with their duty of disclosure, applicants wish to make the accompanying references of record in this application.

<u>U.S. Patent No. 5,084,381 to Chen et al.</u> issued from Serial No. 08/725,182, described as the great grandparent of the subject application at page 2, line 6. The patent describes NY-ESO-1, and peptides which can be derived therefrom and which bind to MHC Class I molecules. The longer polypeptides necessary for Class II binding are not suggested.

U.S. Patent No. 5, 811, 519 to Lethe et al. teaches a the molecule, LL-1, which is also processed to

peptides presented by MHC Class I Molecules. There is no teaching of polypeptides presented by Class

II Molecules.

PCT Application PCT/US97/16335 is a published counterpart of Serial No. 08/937, 263, the grandparent

of the subject application. Class II binding polypeptides are not described therein.

Chen, et al., "A testicular antigen aberrantly expressed in human cancers detected by autologous antibody

screening," Proc. Natl Academy Science USA 94: 1914-1918 (March 1997) teaches the antigen NY-ESO1

and its expression pattern in various cancer types. Class II presentation is not discussed.

Futaki, et al., Naturally Processed HLA-DR 9/DR 53 (DR B1* 0901 /DR B4* 0101) - bound peptides, "

Immunogenetics 42: 299-301 (1995) describes peptides which bind to a particular Class II allele.

Drijfhout, et al., "Detailed Motifs Far Peptide Binding 10 HLC-A* 0201 Derived From Large Random Sets

of Peptides Using Cellular Binding Assay," Human Immunology 43:1-12 (1995) describes how to

determine Class I binding peptides.

D'Amaro, et al., "A Computer Program Far Predicting Possible Cytotoxic T Lymphocyte Epitopes Based

on HLA - Class I Peptides Binding Motifs," Human Immunal 43: 13-18 (1995) is a companion paper to

Drijfhout et al., supra.

It is believed that the claimed invention is patentable over these references, and a holding to this end is

urged.

Respectfully Submitted,

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